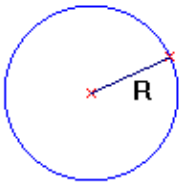
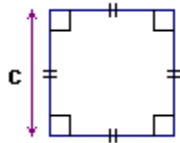
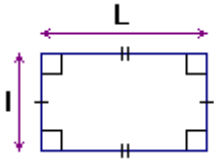
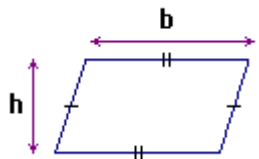
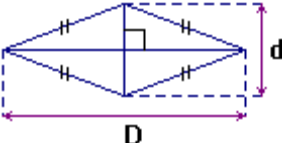
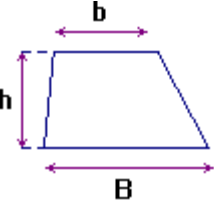
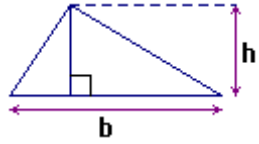
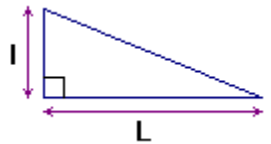
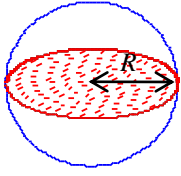
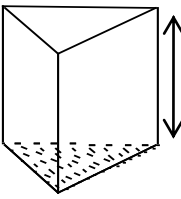
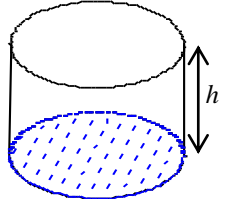
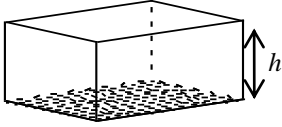
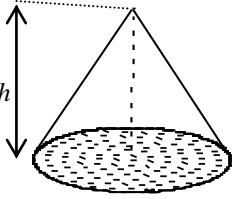
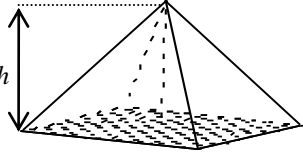
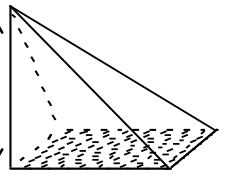


Géométrie dans l'espace : Solides, aires et volumes

Figures du plan

Cercle ou Disque		Carré
 <p>Aire du disque = $\pi \times R^2$ Périmètre du cercle = $2 \pi R$</p>		 <p>Aire = $c \times c = c^2$ Périmètre = $4 \times c$</p>
Rectangle	Parallélogramme	Losange
 <p>Aire = $L \times l$ Périmètre = $2(L + l)$</p>	 <p>Aire = $b \times h$</p>	 <p>Aire = $\frac{D \times d}{2}$</p>
Trapèze	Triangle	
 <p>Aire = $\frac{(B + b) \times h}{2}$</p>	<p><i>Triangle quelconque</i></p>  <p>Aire = $\frac{b \times h}{2}$</p>	<p><i>Triangle rectangle</i></p>  <p>Aire = $\frac{L \times l}{2}$</p>

Solides dans l'espace

Sphère ou Boule		
 <p>Volume = $\frac{4}{3} \pi \times R^3$ Aire = $4 \pi \times R^2$</p>		
Prisme droit	Cylindre	Pavé droit
		
<p>Volume = Aire de la base \times h</p>		
Cône	Pyramide	
	<p><i>Pyramide régulière</i></p> 	<p><i>Pyramide gauche</i></p> 
<p>Volume = $\frac{1}{3} \times$ Aire de la base \times h</p>		